

Cryptocurrencies: Challenges in Corruption Investigations

William Loo Deputy Head of Division & Senior Legal Analyst OECD Anti-Corruption Division

Projeto Ethos Conferência Lisbon, Portugal 21 September 2018



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Typical Transaction

What Is Cryptocurrency?

Virtual

Cryptography

Types (over 1600)

Bitcoin

1 Bitcoin = €5300

Using Cryptocurrency Step 1: Getting a Wallet

Software to "hold" the cryptocurrency

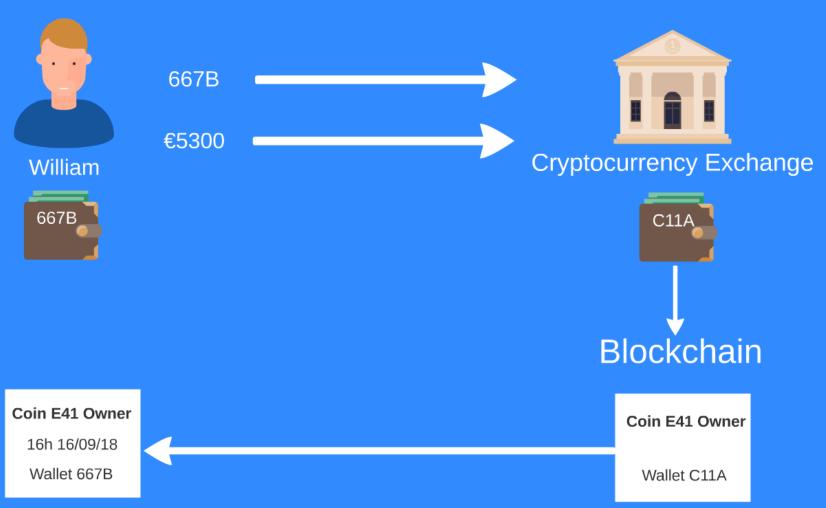
Download from Internet

Two key components

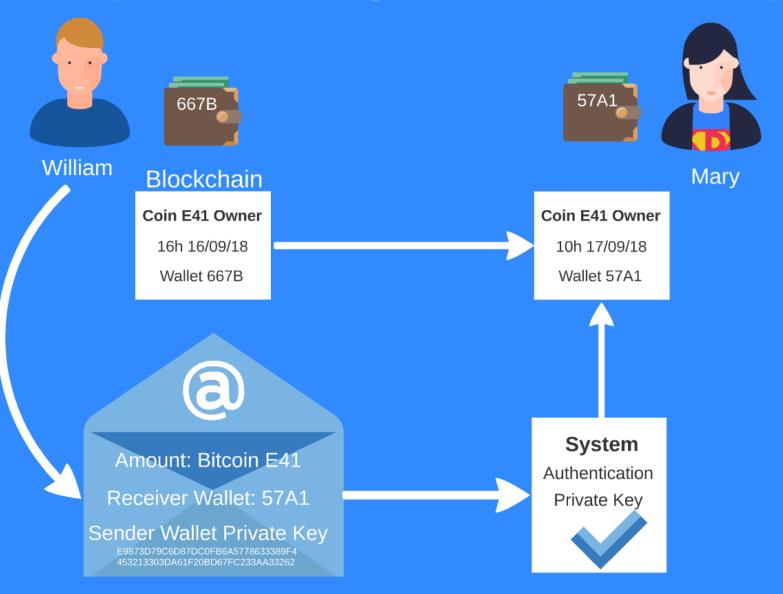
- 1. Address (unique pseudonym)
- 2. Private key

E9873D79C6D87DC0FB6A5778633389F4453213303DA61F20BD67FC233AA33262

Step 2: Getting the Cryptocurrency

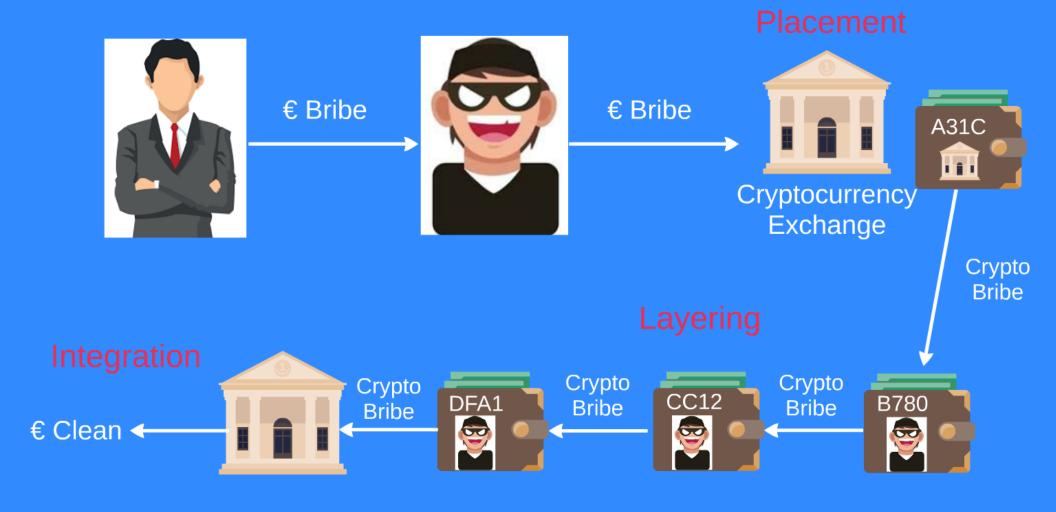


Step 3: Spending the Cryptocurrency

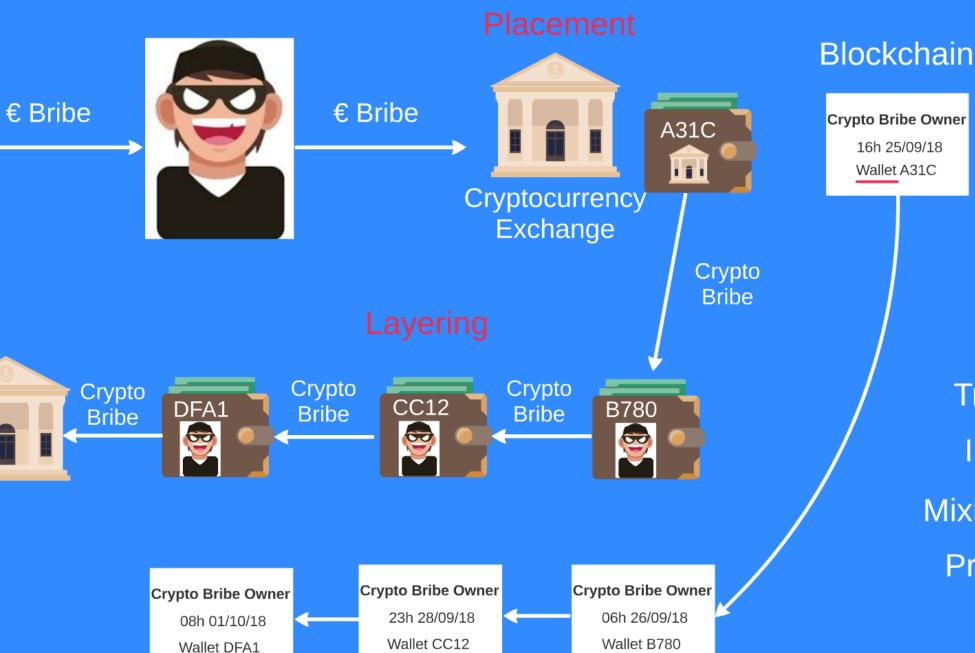


Challenges

Money Laundering Tracing



loney Laundering Tracing



Crypto Bribe Owner

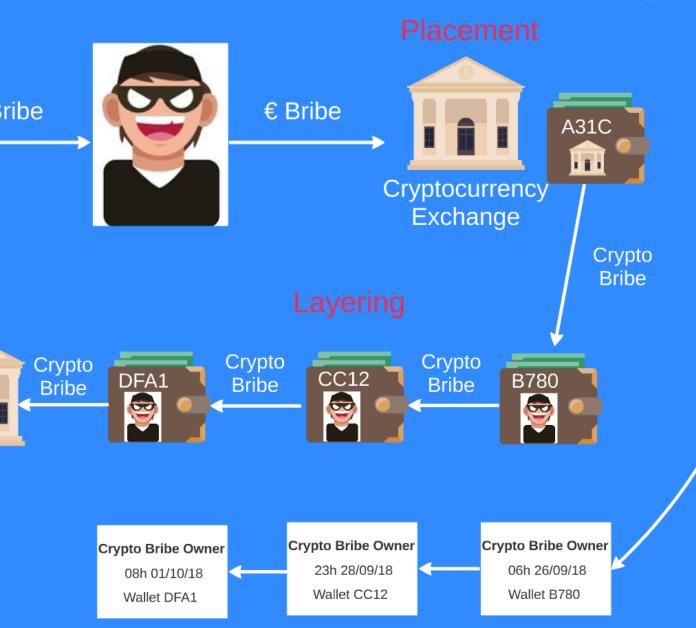
Histor

Transp

Immut

Mixing/Tu Privacy

ney Laundering Tracing



Blockchain

Crypto Bribe Owner 16h 25/09/18 Wallet A31C

Anonymity

Transparent
Immutable
Mixing/Tumbling
Privacy coins

Historical

Blockchain

Crypto Bribe Owner

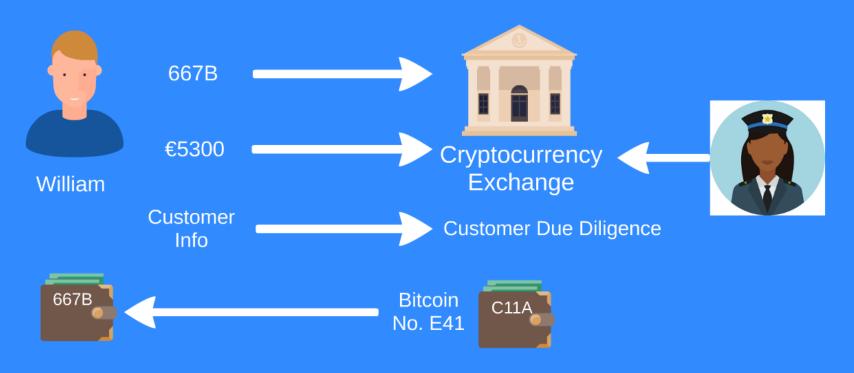
16h 25/09/18

Wallet A31C

Anonymity

Tackling Anonymity

Step 2: Getting the Cryptocurrency



Cryptocurrency Exchanges

By Number

UK US

Hong Kong

Where Are They?

Vanuatu

Singapore

Russia

Cayman I.

Bahamas

By Volume

Malta

Belize

BVI

Korea

Seychelles

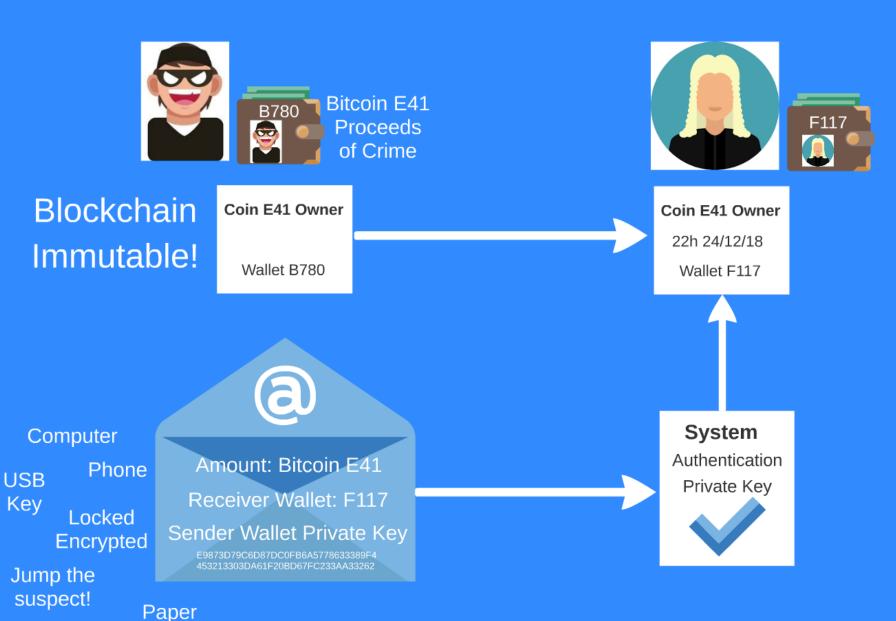
Ukraine

Co-ordinated Global Regulation

FATF (GAFI), EU

Mutual Legal Assistance

Freezing & Confiscating



(modified)

vvaliet D100

Computer

USB Key Phone

Locked Encrypted

Jump the suspect!



Amount: Bitcoin E41

Receiver Wallet: F117

Sender Wallet Private Key

E9873D79C6D87DC0FB6A5778633389F4 453213303DA61F20BD67FC233AA33262

Paper (modified)

Conclusions

Advantages

Transparency

Traceability

Economic Advantages

Challenges

Anonymity

Seizure & Confiscation

Technological Advancements

Start Worrying?

Limited Use in Criminal Activity

Darkweb
Transactions

Ransomware

Corruption:
Not Bribes
But Maybe
Proceeds of Bribery

Theft

Limited Use in Economy

Technological Limits

Fluctuating Value

Thank You

William.Loo@OECD.org www.oecd.org/investment/anti-bribery

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